

Impact of UCSD Pascal A View from the Trenches

Roger Sumner

Before The Flood

- Languages of the day: Fortran, COBOL, PL/I, RPG(!)
- Batch Mainframe Computers
 - Punch cards, line printers, reel-to-reel tapes, overnight batch runs
 - HUGELY EXPENSIVE
- Minicomputers: Data General, DEC PDP-10, PDP-11, early Prime

Rise of the Microcomputer

- Assembly language
- Basic (many dialects)
- PL/M (Digital Research, Intel)
- All limited to specific platforms
- Very difficult to use
- Open need: portable, easy to use, powerful language + compiler + system

Pascal As A New Language

- Other academic/niche languages: Simula, Euler, APL, Lisp, Algol; all on mainframes
- Pascal was an academic language, too, but...
 - Simple enough for a modest-sized compiler
 - Powerful enough to write a compiler!
 - Pointers as a full-fledged data type
 - Enabled recursive data structures

Key Features of Pascal

- Strong type checking - parameters & expressions
- Pointer types
 - Safe, coupled to specific types (unlike "C" at the time)
 - Allows easily expressed recursive data structures
- Very easy to like!
 - Structured programming wasn't common in those days
 - UCSD Pascal popularized Pascal itself, which was then picked up by...
 - Microsoft Pascal
 - Borland Turbo Pascal
 - Apple Pascal (32-bit)
 - Adopted as a standard development language by many organizations, but...

Limitations!

- What Brian Kernighan saw as missing:
 - Strings, variable size arrays, logical ops
 - Separate compilation, libraries
 - Flexible I/O
 - An "escape" from compiler builtins & dogma
- Lots of folks modified Pascal to solve these issues
 - Raising the ire of the theologians
 - But you gotta get your work done!

In the meantime... The revenge of The Phone Company (TPC)

- C started its march towards domination
 - Low-level strings (OK with libraries)
 - Very flexible separate compilation (dangers, too!)
 - Pointers to functions
 - Very flexible I/O mechanism
 - Pointer/array semantics more powerful, but more dangerous
 - Lear Jet versus Piper Cub? (not in 1974!)

Pascal is dead, its Legacy lives on

- Pascal has gone the way of Latin
- Borland Delphi = Pascal++ without credit
- Key concepts live on, especially Java VM
 - Portable virtual machine
 - Friendlier, safer language than "C"
- Strong type checking, scientific approach to program architecture